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Welcome to our round up of the latest business news for our clients.

Flexible working will become the “default” for employees

Last week Amazon announced that, for warehouse workers, it is to offer parents term-time only contracts.

The new contracts would guarantee those who care for school-age children, including guardians, six weeks of holiday in the summer and two weeks over the Easter and Christmas breaks. Employees will be entitled to all full-time benefits.

Following a recent UK Government consultation, flexible working will become the default for millions of employees who will be able to request flexible working from day one of their employment.



Flexible working doesn't just mean a combination of working from home and in the office – it can mean employees making use of job-sharing, flexitime, and working compressed, annualised, or staggered hours.

The new measures will give employees greater access to flexibility over where, when, and how they work, and the government hopes this will lead to happier, more productive staff.

Flexible working has been found

to help employees balance their work and home life, especially supporting those who have commitments or responsibilities such as caring for children or vulnerable people.

The consultation on flexible working has ended and the government response to the consultation confirms intention to introduce changes to the right to request flexible working legislation.

This right currently supports all employees with 26 weeks continuous service to make applications to change their work location, working hours, and/or working pattern.

The response states that the government will take forward the following measures to:

- make the right to request flexible working a day one right.
- introduce a new requirement for employees to consult with the employee when they intend to reject their flexible working request.
- allow 2 statutory requests in any 12-month period (rather than the current one).
- require a decision period of 2 months in respect of a statutory flexible working request (rather than the current three); and
- remove the existing requirement that the employee must explain what effect, if any, the change applied for would have on the employer and how that effect might be dealt with.

The response also commits to:

- developing guidance to raise awareness and understanding of how to make and administer temporary requests for flexible working; and
- launching a call for evidence to better understand how informal flexible working operates in practice.

It also includes a summary of the responses received from individuals and stakeholders.

See: [Making flexible working the default - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/making-flexible-working-the-default)

Remaining resilient with high inflation

The *British Retail Consortium (BRC)*, the trade association for UK retail businesses, research shows that shop price annual inflation accelerated to 9.0% at the start of May, up slightly from 8.8% in April. This is above the 3-month average rate of 8.9%. This brings shop price growth to a new high, although it is now beginning to fall.

Source: [Food inflation eased in May \(brc.org.uk\)](https://www.brc.org.uk/food-inflation-eased-in-may)

The *Office for National Statistics (ONS)* April report shows that food and non-alcoholic beverage prices saw a monthly increase of 1.4% compared with a rise of 1.5% in the equivalent time period last year and an annual rise of 19.1% in April 2023 compared with an annual rise of 19.2% in March 2023. ONS modelling suggests that the annual rate for this category in April 2023 is the second highest seen for over 45

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years, when the rate in August 1977 was estimated to be 21.9%.

Source: [Consumer price inflation, UK - Office for National Statistics](#)

Will this pattern continue?

Conditions are likely to remain challenging for many businesses and individuals alike. So now is a good time to focus on resilience.

Resilience is the process of adapting well in the face of adversity, trauma, tragedy, threats, or significant sources of stress — such as business, workplace, and financial stressors.

It means "bouncing back" from difficult experiences.

So, what actions can you take now to remain resilient?

Here are a few suggestions to help you think about your business:

- Review your Budgets and set realistic and achievable targets for the rest of 2023.
- Be careful with 'can't pay' customers and get rid of 'won't pay' customers.
- Review your debtors list and chase up overdue invoices (if appropriate).
- Offer existing debtors extended payment terms and/or discounts (if applicable).
- Make sure your terms of business contain explicit payment terms.
- Assign responsibility to one individual for invoicing and collections.

- Put extra effort into making sure your relationships with your better customers are solid.
- Review your list of products and services and eliminate those that are unprofitable or not core products/services.

The important thing to remember in uncertain economic times is that most people will not lose their jobs, the majority of businesses won't fail, and eventually, we'll recover. (NatWest Bank, Key economic predictions for 2023).

Are you claiming a tax refund for all your work expenses?

HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC) is reminding employed workers that they can claim a refund on work-related expenses directly through GOV.UK.

Workers can claim for work-related expenses including:

- uniforms and work clothing.
- buying work-related equipment.
- professional fees, union memberships, and subscriptions; and
- using their own vehicle for work travel (excluding journeys from home to work).

See: [Claim tax relief for your job expenses: Overview - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)

Seafood sector jobs to be added to the Shortage Occupation List

From the summer, share fishermen, trawler skippers, and experienced deckhands on large fishing vessels will gain from lower fees and salary requirements.

This is to ensure that the fishing sector can continue to access the people it needs at a reduced cost.

Inclusion on the *Short Occupation List (SOL)* means jobs qualify at a 20% lower salary threshold (£20,960 instead of £26,200).

Applicants also pay lower fees (£479 for a 3-year visa instead of £625).

The broader English language requirements of the Skilled Worker route also apply to the SOL.

To be included on the Shortage Occupation List, a role must not only be skilled and in shortage, it must also be sensible to include it on the list in the context of alternative solutions to tackling the shortage, other than through immigration.

It is not the purpose of the immigration system to provide a source of workers at pay and conditions which are not attractive to resident workers.

The changes are set to be implemented ahead of the summer fishing season.

See: [Seafood sector jobs to be added to the Shortage Occupation List - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)

Health and Safety for new and temporary workers

With summer arriving and the subsequent increase in seasonal work, workers are as likely to have an accident in the first six months at a workplace as during the whole of the rest of their working life.

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The extra risk arises due to:

- lack of experience of working in a new industry or workplace.
- lack of familiarity with the job and the work environment.
- reluctance to raise concerns (or not knowing how to); and
- eagerness to impress workmates and managers.

This means workers new to a site:

- may not recognise hazards as a potential source of danger.
- may not understand 'obvious' rules for use of equipment.
- may be unfamiliar with site layout - especially where site hazards may change from day to day; or
- may ignore warning signs and rules or cut corners.

The Health and Safety Executive (HSE) have produced guidance on protecting new workers.

See: [HSE: Diversity in the workplace - New to the job](#)

Are you ready for the summer weather?

Thinking ahead and preparing for what the weather may bring can make a real difference.

There are some simple steps you can take to stay safe and healthy at this time of year – from preparing your home or business to taking care of yourself, your family, and neighbours.

The Met Office provide up-to-date, expert seasonal advice from carefully selected organisations to help you prepare for and respond

to the weather, to stay safe and protect yourself, your homes, and businesses.

See: [WeatherReady - Met Office](#)

National Minimum Wage 2023 rate reminder for employers: Summer Staff

All workers are legally entitled to be paid the *National Minimum Wage (NMW)*.

This includes temporary seasonal staff, who often work short-term contracts in bars, hotels, shops, and warehouses over the summer.

The National Minimum Wage hourly rates from 1 April 2023 are:

- £10.42 – age 23 or over (National Living Wage),
- £10.18 – age 21 to 22,
- £7.49 – age 18 to 20,
- £5.28 – age under 18, and
- £5.28 – apprentice.

If you need help on paying temporary staff, you can contact ACAS via their helpline if you need employment law or workplace advice.

ACAS is an independent public body that receives funding from the government.

They provide free and impartial advice to employers, employees, and their representatives on:

- employment rights,
- best practice and policies, and
- resolving workplace conflict.

See: [Contact us | Acas](#)

HMRC issues scam warning to tax credits claimants

Tax credit claimants should be on their guard against fraudsters, as *HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC)* warns of the latest tactics being employed by scammers.

HMRC has issued a new alert, providing details of a number of new scams reported that aim to trick people into handing over money or personal information.

Criminals use deadlines – like the tax credits renewal deadline on 31 July – to target their victims and the department is warning around 1.5 million tax credits customers to be alert to scams that mimic government communications to make them appear genuine.

Typical scam examples include:

- emails or texts claiming an individual's details aren't up to date and that they risk losing out on payments that are due to them.
- emails or texts claiming that a direct debit payment hasn't 'gone through'.
- phone calls threatening arrest if people don't immediately pay fake tax owed.
- claims that the victim's national insurance number has been used in fraud; and
- emails or texts offering spurious tax rebates or bogus grants or support.

See: [HMRC issues scam warning to tax credits customers - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)

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New workers' rights for parents and carers

Parents and carers are to be given new protections at work, covering leave entitlement and redundancy rules as three Government backed Private Members Bills received royal assent last week.

This wave of new workers' rights has been welcomed by charities and parties across parliament.

When in force, these new laws aim to increase workforce participation, protect vulnerable workers, and level the playing field by ensuring unscrupulous businesses don't have a competitive advantage and delivering on our priority to grow the economy.

Parents and carers will benefit from the following new protections once in force:

- Up to 12 weeks of **paid neonatal care leave** for employed parents whose children are admitted to neonatal care, so that they can spend more time with their baby at what is a hugely stressful time. This is in addition to other leave and pay entitlements such as maternity and paternity.
- Redundancy protection for pregnant women and new parents with the extension of existing redundancy protections to cover pregnancy and a period of time after parents return to work.
- A new entitlement for unpaid carers to a week of flexible unpaid leave a year, for

employees who are caring for a dependant with a long-term care need.

This will enable carers to better balance their caring and work responsibilities, supporting them to remain in employment.

See: [Workers' rights wins for parents and carers - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](http://www.gov.uk)

Abandoning retained EU red tape on wine announced

The government has stated that wine producers and importers will be freed from unnecessary red tape due to proposed changes to retained EU laws on the production and marketing of wine, providing a boost to the wine industry.

The changes will allow wine makers the freedom to pick from a wider range of vines, including more disease resistant varieties, and overturn the restrictions which currently prevent the wine industry from producing new blends. Bottlers will also be able to turn imported wine into sparkling wine.

Changes will also include removing certain packaging requirements – such as ending the mandatory requirement that certain sparkling wines must have foil caps and mushroom stoppers.

Domestic wine makers will also be free to show a variety and vintage of any wine without having to go through the previously EU-mandated applications processes.

The package of reforms follows engagement with the sector and are made possible by powers under the Retained EU Law Bill which are

being used to remove any constraints from the economy whilst ensuring standards are not compromised.

See: [Scrapping retained EU red tape on wine to unlock £180 million - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](http://www.gov.uk)

Government sets out further support for tenant farmers

Tenant farmers will be at the heart of the government's work to grow and support the rural economy thanks to new measures announced last week to support the long-term sustainability of the tenant farming sector.

The measures, [announced in response to the independent Rock Review](http://www.gov.uk), agree with the review's key recommendations and include a new Farm Tenancy Forum which will work to consider the unique challenges facing the sector, facilitate more collaborative relationships between landlords and tenants, and help to shape farming policy.

The government will also launch a Call for Evidence this summer on the proposal for a Tenant Farming Commissioner in England, considering the benefits this could bring and how it might work in practice. This builds on the actions we have already taken to help tenant farmers benefit from our Environmental Land Management schemes (ELMs) and a consultation launched at Budget on potential inheritance tax reforms, in line with the Review recommendations.

See: [Government sets out further support for tenant farmers - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](http://www.gov.uk)

New funding for farmers to protect the English landscape

Farmers and landowners will receive funding and support for projects to create new habitats for wildlife, help protected sites, and boost efforts to reach net zero, alongside sustainable food production, the government confirmed last week.

Building on the first round of the scheme launched last year, farmers and land managers are able to bid for a share of £15 million initial development funding, with significantly more investment in the years to come as projects move from development to delivery.

This will help them to collaborate and work in partnership to protect and enhance landscapes in England, delivering environmental benefits on a massive scale while supporting farmers to deliver their world-renowned produce.

The second round of the scheme will support up to 25 projects which will be administered by Natural England and the Environment Agency – the lead delivery partners for the scheme. The projects will be selected based on their environmental and social impact, value for money, and suitability for the scheme. In addition, for the first time, we have introduced a food production criterion which will be used to ensure prospective projects take food production into consideration and mitigate any negative impacts on this where possible.

It will focus on projects of at least 500 hectares which could include

landscape scale projects creating and enhancing woodland including temperate rainforest, peatland, nature reserves and protected sites such as ancient woodlands, wetlands, and salt marshes.

See: [Landscape Recovery: apply for funding - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/government/news/landscape-recovery-funding-2023)